# Dow AgroSciences

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Dow AgroSciences Canada Inc.

Product Name: Milestone\* Herbicide Issue Date: 2011.06.10

Dow AgroSciences Canada Inc. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

# 1. Product and Company Identification

#### **Product Name**

Milestone\* Herbicide

#### **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Dow AgroSciences Canada Inc. A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company Suite 2100, 450 1<sup>st</sup> Street SW, Calgary, AB T2P 5H1 Canada

For MSDS updates and Product Information: 800-667-3852

**Prepared By:** Prepared for use in Canada by EH&S, Hazard Communications.

**Revision** 2011.06.10

Customer Information Number: 800-667-3852

solutions@dow.com

#### **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 613-996-6666 **Local Emergency Contact:** 613-996-6666

## 2 Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview** 

Color: Brown

Physical State: Liquid

Odor: Mild

Hazards of product:

Eliminate ignition sources.

#### **Potential Health Effects**

Eye Contact: Essentially nonirritating to eyes. Corneal injury is unlikely.

Skin Contact: Essentially nonirritating to skin.

**Skin Absorption:** Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. **Inhalation:** No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist. Based on the available

data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

Ingestion: Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small

amounts.

## **3.** Composition *I* information on ingredients

Component	CAS#	Amount W/W
Aminopyralid Triisopropanolamine Salt	566191-89-7	40.6 %
Triisopropanolamine	122-20-3	1.5 %
Balance	Not available	57.9 %

Amounts are presented as percentages by weight.

## 4. First-aid measures

## **Description of first aid measures**

**General advice:** If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with plenty of water.

**Eye Contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

## Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

## Suitable extinguishing media

To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF type) or protein foams are preferred if available. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) may function.

## Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Combustion products may include trace amounts of: Cyanides.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn. Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. May produce flash

fire. If exposed to fire from another source and water is evaporated, exposure to high temperatures may cause toxic fumes.

### **Advice for firefighters**

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

See Section 9 for related Physical Properties.

## Accidental Release Measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

# 7. Handling and Storage

#### Handling

**General Handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### **Storage**

Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

# 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

#### **Exposure Limits**

None established.

Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits.

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

#### **Personal Protection**

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).

**Skin Protection:** No precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. **Hand protection:** Chemical protective gloves should not be needed when handling this material. Consistent with general hygienic practice for any material, skin contact should be minimized.

**Respiratory Protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

**Ingestion:** Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

## **Engineering Controls**

**Ventilation:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance** 

Physical StateLiquidColorBrownOdorMild

Odor Threshold

pH

7.3 pH Electrode

Melting Point

Not applicable

<-10 °C

Boiling Point (760 mmHg) No test data available

Flash Point - Closed Cup > 100 °C Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93

Evaporation Rate (Butyl No test data available

Acetate = 1)

Flammable Limits In Air

Lower: No test data available
Upper: No test data available

Vapor Pressure No test data available Vapor Density (air = 1) No test data available

Specific Gravity (H2O = 1) 1.14 Solubility in water (by Soluble

weight)

Autoignition Temperature No test data available Decomposition No test data available

**Temperature** 

Dynamic Viscosity 12.2 cPs @ 20 °C EPA OPPTS 830.7100 (Viscosity)

Kinematic Viscosity No test data available

Liquid Density 1.140 g/ml @ 20 °C Digital density meter

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

## **Chemical stability**

Thermally stable at recommended temperatures and pressures.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Active ingredient decomposes at elevated temperatures. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems. Pressure build-up can be rapid.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.

#### **Hazardous decomposition products**

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Nitrogen oxides. Gases are released during decomposition.

## 11. Toxicological Information

#### **Acute Toxicity**

#### Ingestion

As product: LD50, Rat, male and female > 5,000 mg/kg

Dermal

As product: LD50, Rat, male and female > 5,000 mg/kg

Inhalation

As product: LC50, 4 h, Aerosol, Rat, male and female > 5.79 mg/l

Eye damage/eye irritation

Essentially nonirritating to eyes. Corneal injury is unlikely.

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Essentially nonirritating to skin.

#### Sensitization

Skin

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

#### Respiratory

No relevant data found.

#### **Repeated Dose Toxicity**

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

#### **Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity**

For similar active ingredient(s). Aminopyralid. Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

#### **Developmental Toxicity**

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

#### Reproductive Toxicity

For similar active ingredient(s). Aminopyralid. In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

#### **Genetic Toxicology**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

# 12 Ecological Information

#### **Toxicity**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic invertebrates on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 > 100 mg/L). Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg). Material is slightly toxic to birds on a dietary basis (LC50 between 1001 and 5000 ppm).

#### Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity

LC50, rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), static, 96 h: 360 mg/l

## **Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity**

EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, static, 48 h, immobilization: > 460 mg/l

## **Aquatic Plant Toxicity**

ErC50, green alga Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (formerly known as Selenastrum capricornutum), Growth rate inhibition, 72 h: > 1,000 mg/l

#### **Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**

dietary LC50, bobwhite (Colinus virginianus): > 4670 mg/kg diet. oral LD50, Honey bee (Apis mellifera): > 100 micrograms/bee contact LD50, Honey bee (Apis mellifera): > 100 micrograms/bee

**Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms** 

LC50, Earthworm Eisenia foetida, adult, 14 d: > 10,000 mg/kg

#### Persistence and Degradability

## Data for Component: Aminopyralid Triisopropanolamine Salt

For similar material(s): Aminopyralid. Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

#### Data for Component: Triisopropanolamine

Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is high (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD > 40%). Biodegradation rate may increase in soil and/or water with acclimation. Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

#### **OECD Biodegradation Tests:**

Biodegradation	Exposure Time	Method		10 Day Window	
0 %	28 d	OECD 301F	Test	fail	
Indirect Photodegradation with OH Radicals					
Rate Constant	Atmosph	eric Half-life		Method	
1.2E-10 cm3/s		3 h		Estimated.	
Biological oxygen de	mand (BOD):				
BOD 5	BOD 10	BOD 20		BOD 28	
47 %	70 %				
Theoretical Oxygen D	Demand: 2.35 mg/mg				

#### Bioaccumulative potential

#### <u>Data for Component: Aminopyralid Triisopropanolamine Salt</u>

**Bioaccumulation:** For similar active ingredient(s). Aminopyralid. Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

## Data for Component: Triisopropanolamine

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): -0.015 Measured

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): < 0.57; fish; Measured

### Mobility in soil

#### Data for Component: Aminopyralid Triisopropanolamine Salt

**Mobility in soil:** For similar active ingredient(s)., Aminopyralid., Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

#### Data for Component: Triisopropanolamine

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): 10 Estimated.

Henry's Law Constant (H): 1E-06 Pa m³/mol; 25 °C Estimated.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

# 14. Transport Information

#### **TDG Small container**

**NOT REGULATED** 

## **TDG Large container**

**NOT REGULATED** 

#### **IMDG**

**NOT REGULATED** 

#### ICAO/IATA

**NOT REGULATED** 

# 15. Regulatory Information

#### **CEPA - Domestic Substances List (DSL)**

All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

## Hazardous Products Act Information: CPR Compliance

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

## Hazardous Products Act Information: WHMIS Classification

This product is exempt under WHMIS.

Pest Control Products Act Registration number: 28517

#### **National Fire Code of Canada**

Not applicable

## 16. Other Information

**Hazard Rating System** 

NFPA Health Fire Reactivity

## **Recommended Uses and Restrictions**

Product use: End use herbicide product

#### Revision

Identification Number: 82649 / 1023 / Issue Date 2011.06.10 / Version: 4.0

DAS Code: GF-871

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

N/A	Not available
W/W	Weight/Weight
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.
DOW IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
WEEL	Workplace Environmental Exposure Level
HAZ_DES	Hazard Designation
VOL/VOL	Volume/Volume

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